Vidya Bhawan Balika Vidyapeeth Shakti Uthana Ashram Lakhisarai Date 5.7.2020

Class:9th Subject Geography

Chapter: Natural Vegetation and Wildlife

Important Questions Very Short Answer Type Questions

Q.1. What is natural vegetation or virgin vegetation?

Ans:It refers to a plant community which has grown naturally without human aid, and has been left undisturbed by human beings for a long time.

Q.2.What is flora and fauna?

Ans:Flora - Plants of a particular region or period.

Fauna – The species of animals.

Q.3. "Land and soil affects the natural vegetation directly and indirectly." Justify by giving two examples.

Ans:The sandy soil of the desert support cactus and thorny bushes.

Wet, marshy, deltaic soil supports mangroves.

Q.4.What is an ecosystem?

Ans:The interdependence of species of plants and animals in a given area fdhns a single ecosystem.

Q.5. Name two non-flowering plants.

Ans: Ferns, algae and fungi.

Q.6. Name, any two factors that form the flora and the fauna?

Ans:Soil, relief, climate and drainage.

Q.7.What is a biome?

Ans: A very large ecosystem on land having distinct types of vegetation and animal life is called a biome. Q.8. Mention any two regions having tropical evergreen forests. Ans:The Western Ghats, plains of West Bengal and Odisha, and the north-eastern India. Q.9. Name two commercially useful trees of the Tropical Rain Forests. Ans: Ebony, mahogany and rosewood. Q.10. Mention any two factors responsible for deforestation. Ans: Overgrazing by animals Careless management of forests Q.11. Where are the rhinoceros found? Ans:In swampy and marshy lands of Assam and North-West Bengal. . Q.12. The 'Tropical Rain forests appear green all the year round.' Give reason. Ans: There is no definite time for trees to shed their leaves. Q.13. Which are the most widespread forests of India? Ans:Tropical Deciduous Forests. Q.14.On the basis of the availability of water, tropical deciduous forests are divideg2d into two parts. What are these two Categories?

Q.15.Namone important trees each of the Moist Deciduous and Dry deciduous Forests.

Ans:Moist Deciduous – Teak.

Dry deciduous and Moist deciduous.

Dry Deciduous - Sal.

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